## Listing f Claims

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions and listings of claims in the application:

- (previously amended) A process of making a composite article comprising:
   providing a trilayer structure comprising:
  - a first electrode layer,
  - an electrolyte layer,
  - a second electrode layer,
  - sintering the trilayer structure, wherein said trilayer structure is hexagonal or tubular.
- (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein
  the first electrode layer comprises one or more electronic and/or MIEC and an
  ionic conductor or MIEC,
  - the electrolyte layer comprises predominately an ionically conducting electrolyte material, and
  - the second electrode layer comprising one or more electronic and/or MIEC and an ionic conductor or MIEC.
- (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 2, wherein the MIEC is non-reactive with the electrolyte layer material at the sintering temperature of the composite article.
- 4. (previously amended) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the first and/or second electrode comprise particles that are larger than about .25  $\mu$ m but less than about 10  $\mu$ m, prior to sintering.

- 5. (previously amended) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the electrolyte layer has a porosity of less than 5% after sintering.
- 6. (previously amended) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the electrode layers have a porosity of greater than 20 % but less than about 60% after sintering.
- (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the trilayer structure is affixed to a substrate.
- 8. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 7, wherein the substrate comprises a porous non-noble transition metal, a porous non-noble transition metal alloy or a porous cermet incorporating one or more of a non-noble non-nickel transition metal and a non-noble transition metal alloy.
- 9. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sintering is conducted at a temperature sufficient to substantially sinter and densify the electrolyte layer without melting the electrodes.
- 10. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in either of claims 1 or 9, wherein the sintering is conducted at about 1000 °C to about 1500 °C.
- 11. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 10, wherein the sintering is conducted at about 1200 °C to about 1400 °C.
- 12. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 11, wherein the sintering is conducted at about 1250 °C to about 1350 °C.

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- 13. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is gas-tight and greater than about 90% densified.
- 14. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is gas-tight and greater than about 95% densified.
- 15. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is no more than 2% porous.
- 16. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is about 1 to 50 microns thick.
- 17. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 16, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is about 3 to 30 microns thick.
- 18. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 17, wherein the sintered electrolyte layer is about 5 to 20 microns thick.
- 19. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein said trilayer structure is planar.
- 20. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein said trilayer structure is tubular.
- 21. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein said trilayer structure is hexagonal.
- 22. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 7, wherein said substrate is an alloy selected from the group consisting of a low-chromium ferritic steel, an intermediate-chromium ferritic steel, a high-chromium ferritic steel, a chrome-based alloy, and chrome-containing nickel-based Inconel alloy.

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- 23. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 22, wherein said alloy is selected from the group consisting of Cr5Fe1Y and Inconel 600.
- 24. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 7, wherein said substrate material is a cermet selected from the group consisting of at least one of  $La_{1-x}Sr_xMn_yO_{3-\delta}$  (1 $\ge$ X $\ge$ 0.05) (0.95 $\le$ y $\le$ 1.15) ("LSM"),  $La_{1-x}Sr_xCoO_{3-\delta}$  $(1 \geq X \geq 0.10) \text{ ("LSC"), } SrCo_{1-x}Fe_xO_{3-\delta} \text{ (0.30} \geq X \geq 0.20), } La_{0.6}Sr_{0.4}Co_{0.6}Fe_{0.4}O_{3-\delta},$ Sr<sub>0.7</sub>Ce<sub>0.3</sub>MnO<sub>3-δ</sub>, LaNi<sub>0.6</sub>Fe<sub>0.4</sub>O<sub>3-δ</sub>, Sm<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>CoO<sub>3-δ</sub>, yttria stabilized zirconia (YSZ), scandia stabilized zirconia (SSZ), (CeO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0.8</sub>(Gd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.2</sub> (CGO), La<sub>0.8</sub>Sr<sub>0.2</sub>Ga<sub>0.85</sub>Mg<sub>0.15</sub>O<sub>2.825</sub> (LSGM20-15), (Bi<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.75</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.25</sub> and alumina, in combination with at least one of transition metals Cr, Fe, Cu, Ag, an alloy thereof, a low-chromium ferritic steel, an intermediate-chromium ferritic steel, a highchromium ferritic steel, a chrome-based alloy, and chrome-containing nickelbased Inconel alloy.
  - 25. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 24, wherein the LSM is selected from the group consisting of La<sub>0.8</sub>Sr<sub>0.2</sub>MnO<sub>3-8</sub>,  $La_{0.65}Sr_{0.30}MnO_{3-\delta}$ ,  $La_{0.45}Sr_{0.55}MnO_{3-\delta}$ .
  - 26. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 25, wherein said chrome based alloy is Cr5FelY.
  - 27. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein said electrolyte comprises at least one of yttria stabilized zirconia (YSZ), scandia stabilized zirconia (SSZ), doped cerium oxide including (CeO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0.8</sub>(Gd<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.2</sub> (CGO),  $La_{0.8}Sr_{0.2}Ga_{0.85}Mg_{0.15}O_{2.825}$  (LSGM20-15) and  $(Bi_2O_3)_{0.75}(Y_2O_3)_{0.25}$ .

- 28. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 27, wherein said electrolyte is yttria stabilized zirconia.
- 29. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 28, wherein said yttria stabilized zirconia is (ZrO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>x</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>y</sub> where (.88≥X≥ .97) and (.03≤y≤ .12).
- 30. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 29, wherein said yttria stabilized zirconia is at least one of (ZrO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0.92</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.08</sub> and (ZrO<sub>2</sub>)<sub>0.90</sub>(Y<sub>2</sub>O<sub>3</sub>)<sub>0.10</sub>.
- 31. (original) A process of making a composite article according to claim 1, wherein the electrolyte is a mixed ionic electronic conductor.
- 32. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 31, wherein said electrolyte comprises at least one of SrCo<sub>1-x</sub>Fe<sub>X</sub>O<sub>3-8</sub> (0.30 ≥ X ≥ 0.20), La<sub>0.6</sub>Sr<sub>0.4</sub>Co<sub>0.6</sub>Fe<sub>0.4</sub>O<sub>3-8</sub>, Sm<sub>0.5</sub>Sr<sub>0.5</sub>CoO<sub>3-8</sub> and La<sub>1-x</sub>Sr<sub>x</sub>CoO<sub>3-8</sub>.
- 33. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 32, wherein said electrolyte is SrCo<sub>0.75</sub>Fe<sub>0.25</sub>O<sub>3.8</sub>.
- 34. (original) A process of making a composite article as claimed in claim 1, wherein the composite article has an ohmic area specific resistance from about 0.5 ohm cm<sup>2</sup> to about .05 ohm cm<sup>2</sup> during operation of the composite article.
- 35. (original) A composite article made according to the process of claim 1, wherein the composite article has an ohmic area specific resistance of from about 0.5 ohm cm<sup>2</sup> to about .25 ohm cm<sup>2</sup> during operation of the composite article.

- 36. (original) A composite article made according to the process of claim 1, wherein the composite article has an ohmic area specific resistance of less than about .05 ohm cm2 during operation of the composite article.
- 37. (cancelled) A solid oxide fuel cell made according to the process of claim 1.
- 38. (previously amended) A process of making a solid oxide fuel cell comprising: providing a trilayer structure comprising:

a first electrode layer,

an electrolyte layer,

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a second electrode layer,

sintering the trilayer structure, wherein

said trilayer structure is hexagonal or tubular.